RYC SYNFOG ONE STEP FUEL FORMULA 12 FL. OZ.

Safety Data Sheet according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations Issue date: 06/16/2023 Revision date: 06/16/2023 Version: 1.1

	Je dale. 00/10/2023 Revision dale. 00/10/2023 Version. 1.1
SECTION 1: Identification of the s	ubstance/mixture and of the company/undertaking
1.1. Product identifier	
Product form	: Mixture
Trade name	: RYC SYNFOG ONE STEP FUEL FORMULA 12 FL. OZ.
Product code	: TM5555
1.2. Relevant identified uses of the s	ubstance or mixture and uses advised against
Use of the substance/mixture	: Fuel Additive
1.3. Details of the supplier of the safe	ety data sheet
Rev Your Cause LLC	
144O Jason Way Unit 100-107	
Santa Maria, CA 93455	
T 805-925-2796	
1.4. Emergency telephone number	
Emergency number	: CHEMTREC 24 Hour 1-800-424-9300, 1-703-527-3887 (International)
SECTION 2: Hazards identification	
2.1. Classification of the substance of	or mixture
GHS US classification	
1 0 ,	mbustible liquid spected of causing cancer
	y be fatal if swallowed and enters airways
Full text of H- and EUH-statements: see sect	ion 16
2.2. Label elements	
GHS US labeling	
Hazard pictograms (GHS US)	
Signal word (GHS US)	: Danger
Hazard statements (GHS US)	: H227 - Combustible liquid
	H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways H351 - Suspected of causing cancer
Precautionary statements (GHS US)	: P201 - Obtain special instructions
Trecautionary statements (CFIS 00)	P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
	P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No
	smoking. P280 - Wear protective gloves,protective clothing,eye protection,face protection
	P301+P310 - If swallowed: Immediately call a poison control center, doctor, physician,
	P308+P313 - If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. P331 - Do NOT induce vomiting.
	P370+P378 - In case of fire: See Section 5.1 Extinguishing Media
	P403+P235 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
	P405 - Store locked up. P501 - Dispose of contents/container to appropriate waste disposal facility, in accordance with
	local, regional, national, international regulations.
2.3. Other hazards	
Other hazards which do not result in	: None under normal conditions.
classification	
2.4. Unknown acute toxicity (GHS US	\$) (\$
No data available	
SECTION 3: Composition/Informa	tion on ingredients
3.1. Substances	
Not applicable	
3.2. Mixtures	

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Name	Product identifier	%	GHS US classification
Distillates (Petroleum), Hydrotreated Light	(CAS-No.) 64742-47-8	30 – 50	Asp. Tox. 1, H304
Distillates (Petroleum), Sweetened Middle	(CAS-No.) 64741-86-2	20-40	Not classified
Polyether Amine	(CAS-No.) 261171-00-0	15-30	Not classified
Naphtha, Heavy Aromatic	(CAS-No.) 64742-94-5	1-5	Carc. 2, H351 Asp. Tox. 1, H304
2-Methylnaphthalene	(CAS-No.) 91-57-6	<1	Acute Tox. 4 (Oral), H302
1-Methylnaphthalene	(CAS-No.) 90-12-0	<1	Flam. Liq. 4, H227 Acute Tox. 4 (Oral), H302
Naphthalene	(CAS-No.) 91-20-3	< 1	Acute Tox. 4 (Oral), H302 Carc. 2, H351

SECTION 4: First aid measures		
4.1. Description of first aid measures		
First-aid measures general	: Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible). Suspected of causing cancer.	
First-aid measures after inhalation	: Allow affected person to breathe fresh air. Allow the victim to rest.	
First-aid measures after skin contact	: Remove affected clothing and wash all exposed skin area with mild soap and water, followed by warm water rinse.	
First-aid measures after eye contact	: Rinse immediately with plenty of water. Obtain medical attention if pain, blinking or redness persists.	
First-aid measures after ingestion	: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. Immediately call a poison center or doctor/physician.	
4.2. Most important symptoms and effects,	both acute and delayed	
Symptoms/effects after inhalation	: May cause cancer by inhalation.	
Symptoms/effects after ingestion	: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.	
4.3. Indication of any immediate medical at	tention and special treatment needed	
No additional information available		
SECTION 5: Firefighting measures		
5.1. Extinguishing media		
Suitable extinguishing media	: Foam. Dry powder. Carbon dioxide. Water spray. Sand.	
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use a heavy water stream.	
5.2. Special hazards arising from the subst	ance or mixture	
Fire hazard	: Combustible liquid.	
Explosion hazard	: May form flammable/explosive vapor-air mixture.	
Reactivity	: Decomposes on exposure to light.	
5.3. Advice for firefighters		
Firefighting instructions	: Use water spray or fog for cooling exposed containers. Exercise caution when fighting any chemical fire. Prevent fire-fighting water from entering environment.	
Protection during firefighting	: Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, including respiratory protection.	
SECTION 6: Accidental release measu	res	
6.1. Personal precautions, protective equip	ment and emergency procedures	
General measures	: Remove ignition sources. Use special care to avoid static electric charges. No open flames. No smoking.	
6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel		
Protective equipment	: Gloves. Safety glasses.	
Emergency procedures	: Evacuate unnecessary personnel.	
6.1.2. For emergency responders		
Protective equipment	: Equip cleanup crew with proper protection.	
Emergency procedures	: Ventilate area.	
6.2. Environmental precautions		
Prevent entry to sewers and public waters. Notify a	uthorities if liquid enters sewers or public waters.	
6.3. Methods and material for containment	and cleaning up	
For containment	: Dam up the liquid spill. Contain released product, collect/pump into suitable containers. Plug the leak, cut off the supply.	
	: Soak up spills with inert solids, such as clay or diatomaceous earth as soon as possible. Colle	

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6.4. Reference to other sections	
See Heading 8. Exposure controls and perso	nal protection.
SECTION 7: Handling and storage	
7.1. Precautions for safe handling	
Additional hazards when processed	: Handle empty containers with care because residual vapors are flammable. Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames, hot surfaces No smoking.
Precautions for safe handling	: Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking and when leaving work. Provide good ventilation in process area to prevent formation of vapor. No open flames. No smoking. Obtain special instructions. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking and when leaving work. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Always wash hands after handling the product. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Wash affected areas thoroughly after handling. Remove contaminated clothes. Separate working clothes from town clothes. Launder separately. Take off immediately all contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
7.2. Conditions for safe storage, incl	uding any incompatibilities
Technical measures	: Comply with applicable regulations. Proper grounding procedures to avoid static electricity should be followed.
Storage conditions	: Keep only in the original container in a cool, well ventilated place away from : Keep container closed when not in use. Keep in fireproof place.
Incompatible products	: Strong bases. Strong acids.
Incompatible materials	: Sources of ignition. Direct sunlight. Heat sources.
Storage area	: Keep out of direct sunlight.
7.3. Specific end use(s)	
Follow Label Directions.	
SECTION 8: Exposure controls/pe	ersonal protection
8.1. Control parameters	
BYC SYNEOG ONE STEP FUEL FORMI	

12 FL. OZ.

RYC SYNFOG ONE STEP FUEL FORMULA	12 FL. OZ.	
No additional information available		
Distillates (Petroleum), Sweetened Middle (64741-86-2)		
No additional information available		
1-Methylnaphthalene (90-12-0)		
USA - ACGIH - Occupational Exposure Limits		
ACGIH OEL TWA [ppm]	0.5 ppm	
2-Methylnaphthalene (91-57-6)		
USA - ACGIH - Occupational Exposure Limits		
ACGIH OEL TWA [ppm]	0.5 ppm	
Naphthalene (91-20-3)		
No additional information available		
Naphtha, Heavy Aromatic (64742-94-5)		
USA - ACGIH - Occupational Exposure Limits		
ACGIH OEL TWA	25 mg/m ³ 1-METHYLNAPHTHALENE	
ACGIH OEL TWA [ppm]	0.5 ppm 1-METHYLNAPHTHALENE	
USA - NIOSH - Occupational Exposure Limits		
NIOSH REL (TWA)	50 mg/m³ naphthalene	
NIOSH REL STEL [ppm]	15 ppm naphthalene	
Polyether Amine (261171-00-0)		
No additional information available		
Distillates (Petroleum), Hydrotreated Light (64742-47-8)		
USA - ACGIH - Occupational Exposure Limits		
ACGIH OEL TWA [ppm]	200 ppm 8 Hours	
USA - NIOSH - Occupational Exposure Limits		
NIOSH REL (TWA)	100 mg/m ³	
2 Appropriate opgingering controls		

Appropriate engineering controls 8.2. Appropriate engineering controls

Environmental exposure controls

: Local exhaust venilation, vent hoods . Ensure good ventilation of the work station. : Avoid release to the environment.

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8.3. Individual protection measures/Personal protective equipment

Personal protective equipment:

Gloves. Safety glasses. Avoid all unnecessary exposure.

Materials for protective clothing:

Excellent resistance:

Hand protection:

Wear protective gloves

Eye protection:

Chemical goggles or safety glasses

Skin and body protection:

Wear suitable protective clothing

Respiratory protection:

Wear respiratory protection.

Personal protective equipment symbol(s):



Other information:

Do not eat, drink or smoke during use.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical p	roperties
9.1. Information on basic physical and ch	emical properties
Physical state	: Liquid
Appearance	: Yellow liquid.
Color	: Yellow to light brown.
Odor	: Kerosene . Amine-like.
Odor threshold	: No data available
pH	: No data available
Relative evaporation rate (butyl acetate=1)	: No data available
Melting point	: No data available
Freezing point	: No data available
Boiling point	: 200 °C
Flash point	: 86 °C
Auto-ignition temperature	: No data available
Decomposition temperature	: No data available
Flammability	: No data available
Vapor pressure	: No data available
Relative vapor density at 20 °C	: No data available
Relative density	: 0.851
Solubility	: Insoluble in water.
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	: No data available
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Kow)	: No data available
Viscosity, kinematic	: No data available
Viscosity, dynamic	: No data available
Explosive properties	: No data available
Oxidizing properties	: No data available
Explosion limits	: No data available
9.2. Other information	
VOC content	: 0.46 %

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SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity		
10.1. Reactivity		
Decomposes on exposure to light.		
10.2. Chemical stability		
Combustible liquid. May form flammable/explosiv	e vapor-air mixture.	
10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions		
Not established.		
10.4. Conditions to avoid	- One flame Oracle stars Used Oracle	
Direct sunlight. Extremely high or low temperature	es. Open name. Overneating. Heat. Sparks.	
10.5. Incompatible materials		
Strong acids. Strong bases.		
10.6. Hazardous decomposition products		
Toxic fume Carbon monoxide. Carbon dioxide.	May release flammable gases.	
SECTION 11: Toxicological informati	on	
11.1. Information on toxicological effects		
Acute toxicity (oral)	: Not classified	
Acute toxicity (dermal)	: Not classified	
Acute toxicity (inhalation)	: Not classified	
1-Methylnankthalana (00-12-0)		
1-Methylnaphthalene (90-12-0) LD50 oral rat	1840 mg/kg (Rat, Literature study, Oral)	
LD50 dermal rabbit	 > 5000 mg/kg (Rabbit, Literature study, Oral) > 5000 mg/kg (Rabbit, Literature study, Dermal) 	
ATE US (oral)	1840 mg/kg body weight	
2-Methylnaphthalene (91-57-6) LD50 oral rat	1630 mg/kg (Rat, Literature study, Oral)	
ATE US (oral)	1630 mg/kg body weight	
Naphthalene (91-20-3) ATE US (oral)	500 mg/kg body weight	
	500 mg/kg body weight	
Naphtha, Heavy Aromatic (64742-94-5)	5000 m m/lum (D-1)	
LD50 oral rat	> 5000 mg/kg (Rat)	
Distillates (Petroleum), Hydrotreated Light		
LD50 oral rat	> 5000 mg/kg body weight	
LD50 dermal rabbit	> 2000 mg/kg	
LC50 Inhalation - Rat	> 5.28 mg/l/4h Based on lack of mortality and systemic effects	
Skin corrosion/irritation	: Not classified	
Serious eye damage/irritation	: Not classified	
Respiratory or skin sensitization	: Not classified	
Germ cell mutagenicity	: Not classified	
Carcinogenicity	: Suspected of causing cancer.	
Naphthalene (91-20-3)		
IARC group	2B - Possibly carcinogenic to humans	
National Toxicology Program (NTP) Status	Reasonably anticipated to be Human Carcinogen	
Naphtha, Heavy Aromatic (64742-94-5)		
IARC group	2B - Possibly carcinogenic to humans	
National Toxicology Program (NTP) Status	Reasonably anticipated to be Human Carcinogen	
Reproductive toxicity	: Not classified	
STOT-single exposure	: Not classified	
STOT-repeated exposure	: Not classified	
Aspiration hazard	: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.	
Viscosity, kinematic	: No data available	
Potential Adverse human health effects and	: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.	
symptoms		
Symptoms/effects after inhalation	: May cause cancer by inhalation.	
16/06/2023	EN (English US)	5/10
10/00/2020		5/10

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Symptoms/effects after ingestion

: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

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SECTION 12: Ecological information	
2.1. Toxicity	
1-Methylnaphthalene (90-12-0)	
LC50 - Fish [1]	9 mg/l (96 h, Pimephales promelas, Static system, Literature study)
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	1.2 mg/l (48 h, Daphnia magna, Literature study)
2-Methylnaphthalene (91-57-6)	
LC50 - Fish [1]	8 mg/l (96 h, Oncorhynchus mykiss, Literature study)
2.2. Persistence and degradability	
RYC SYNFOG ONE STEP FUEL FORMULA	12 FL. OZ.
Persistence and degradability	Not established.
Distillates (Petroleum), Sweetened Middle (64	741-86-2)
Persistence and degradability	Not established.
1-Methylnaphthalene (90-12-0)	
Persistence and degradability	Not readily biodegradable in water. Forming sediments in water. Not established.
2-Methylnaphthalene (91-57-6)	
Persistence and degradability	Inherently biodegradable. Not readily biodegradable in water. Not established.
Naphthalene (91-20-3)	
Persistence and degradability	May cause long-term adverse effects in the environment. Not established.
Naphtha, Heavy Aromatic (64742-94-5)	
Persistence and degradability	Not readily biodegradable in water. Not established.
Polyether Amine (261171-00-0)	
Persistence and degradability	Not established.
Distillates (Petroleum), Hydrotreated Light (64 Persistence and degradability	Not established.
2.3. Bioaccumulative potential	
RYC SYNFOG ONE STEP FUEL FORMULA	12 FL. OZ.
Bioaccumulative potential	Not established.
Distillates (Petroleum), Sweetened Middle (64 Bioaccumulative potential	Not established.
· ·	Not established.
1-Methylnaphthalene (90-12-0)	00 /5 west (c). On anthrough a l'autobal l'instance studio
BCF - Fish [1] Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	20 (5 week(s), Oncorhynchus kisutch, Literature study)
Bioaccumulative potential	3.87 (Experimental value) Low potential for bioaccumulation (Log Kow < 4). Not established.
	Low potential for bioaccumulation (Log Now < 4). Not established.
2-Methylnaphthalene (91-57-6) BCF - Fish [1]	407 (624 h, Lepomis macrochirus, Flow-through system, Literature study, Muscles)
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	3.72 (Experimental value)
Bioaccumulative potential	Low potential for bioaccumulation (BCF < 500). Not established.
Naphthalene (91-20-3)	
Bioaccumulative potential	Not established.
· ·	
Naphtha, Heavy Aromatic (64742-94-5) Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	2.9-6.1
Bioaccumulative potential	Bioaccumable. Not established.
Polyether Amine (261171-00-0)	
Bioaccumulative potential	Not established.
· ·	
Distillates (Petroleum), Hydrotreated Light (64 Bioaccumulative potential	Not established.
•	
2.4. Mobility in soil	
1-Methylnaphthalene (90-12-0)	
Organic Carbon Normalized Adsorption	3.358 – 3.403 (log Koc, SRC PCKOCWIN v2.0, Calculated value)

1-wethymaphthalene (90-12-0)	
Organic Carbon Normalized Adsorption Coefficient (Log Koc)	3.358 – 3.403 (log Koc, SRC PCKOCWIN v2.0, Calculated value)
Ecology - soil	Low potential for mobility in soil.

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93 (log Koc, Calculated value)
ntial for mobility in soil.

12.5. Other adverse effects

Other information

: Avoid release to the environment.

SECTION 13: Disposal consideration	S
13.1. Waste treatment methods	
Product/Packaging disposal recommendations	: Dispose in a safe manner in accordance with local/national regulations. Dispose of contents/container to appropriate waste disposal facility, in accordance with local, regional, national, international regulations.
Additional information	: Handle empty containers with care because residual vapors are flammable.
Ecology - waste materials	: Avoid release to the environment. Hazardous waste due to toxicity.
Department of Transportation (DOT) In accordance with DOT	
Not applicable Transport by sea	
	. Not Desculated
Proper Shipping Name (IMDG)	: Not Regulated

Air	trai	nsn	ort

Proper Shipping Name (IATA)	: Not Regulated

SECTION 15: Regulatory information	
15.1. US Federal regulations	
RYC SYNFOG ONE STEP FUEL FORMULA	12 FL. OZ.
SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Classes	Delayed (chronic) health hazard Immediate (acute) health hazard Fire hazard
Distillates (Petroleum), Sweetened Middle (64	741-86-2)
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substar	nces Control Act) inventory
1-Methylnaphthalene (90-12-0)	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substar	nces Control Act) inventory
2-Methylnaphthalene (91-57-6)	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substan	nces Control Act) inventory
Naphthalene (91-20-3)	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substar Subject to reporting requirements of United State	
CERCLA RQ	100 lb
SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Classes	Delayed (chronic) health hazard Immediate (acute) health hazard
SARA Section 313 - Emission Reporting	1%
Naphtha, Heavy Aromatic (64742-94-5)	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substar	nces Control Act) inventory
SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Classes	Delayed (chronic) health hazard
SARA Section 313 - Emission Reporting	14 % Naphthalene (CAS 91-20-3)
Polyether Amine (261171-00-0)	
Not listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Sub	stances Control Act) inventory
Distillates (Petroleum), Hydrotreated Light (64	1742-47-8)
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substar	nces Control Act) inventory

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Distillates (Petroleum), Hydrotreated Light (64742-47-8)		
SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Classes	Immediate (acute) health hazard Delayed (chronic) health hazard	
15.2. International regulations		

CANADA

RYC SYNFOG ONE STEP FUEL FORMULA	12 FL. OZ.	
WHMIS Classification	Class B Division 3 - Combustible Liquid	
Distillates (Petroleum), Sweetened Middle (64)	741-86-2)	
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substanc	es List)	
1-Methylnaphthalene (90-12-0)		
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substanc	es List)	
2-Methylnaphthalene (91-57-6)		
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substanc	es List)	
Naphthalene (91-20-3)		
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substanc	es List)	
WHMIS Classification	Class B Division 4 - Flammable Solid Class D Division 1 Subdivision B - Toxic material causing immediate and serious toxic effects	
Naphtha, Heavy Aromatic (64742-94-5)		
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substanc	es List)	
Polyether Amine (261171-00-0)		
Distillates (Petroleum), Hydrotreated Light (64	1742-47-8)	
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substanc	es List)	
WHMIS Classification	Uncontrolled product according to WHMIS classification criteria	

EU-Regulations

1-Methylnaphthalene (90-12-0)
2-Methylnaphthalene (91-57-6)
Naphthalene (91-20-3)
Naphtha, Heavy Aromatic (64742-94-5)
Polyether Amine (261171-00-0)
Distillates (Petroleum), Hydrotreated Light (64742-47-8)

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP] Not classified

Classification according to Directive 67/548/EEC [DSD] or 1999/45/EC [DPD]

15.2.2. **National regulations**

Methylnaphthalene (90-12-0)
Methylnaphthalene (91-57-6)
aphthalene (91-20-3)
sted on IARC (International Agency for Research on Cancer) sted as carcinogen on NTP (National Toxicology Program) sted on EPA Hazardous Air Pollutant (HAPS)
aphtha, Heavy Aromatic (64742-94-5)
olyether Amine (261171-00-0)
t listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)/NDSL (Non-Domestic Substances List)
stillates (Petroleum), Hydrotreated Light (64742-47-8)

15.3. US State regulations

RYC SYNFOG ONE STEP FUEL FORMULA 1	2 FL. OZ.()
U.S California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List	Yes
U.S California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity	Yes
U.S California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Female	No

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U.S California - Proposi Toxicity - Male		Yes		
Toxicity - Male State or local regulations		U.S California - Proposition	0.65	
	O			
UStillates (Petroleum), 3	Sweetened Middle (64741-8 U.S California -	U.S California -	U.S California -	No significant risk level
Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List	Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity	Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Female	Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Male	(NSRL)
No	No	No	No	
1-Methylnaphthalene (9	0-12-0)			
U.S California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List	U.S California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity	U.S California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Female	U.S California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Male	No significant risk level (NSRL)
No	No	No	No	
2-Methylnaphthalene (9	1-57-6)			
U.S California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List	U.S California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity	U.S California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Female	U.S California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Male	No significant risk level (NSRL)
No	No	No	No	
Naphthalene (91-20-3)				
U.S California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List	U.S California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity	U.S California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Female	U.S California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Male	No significant risk level (NSRL)
Yes	No	No	No	
Naphtha, Heavy Aromat	tic (64742-94-5)			
U.S California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List	U.S California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity	U.S California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Female	U.S California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Male	No significant risk level (NSRL)
No	No	No	No	
Polyether Amine (26117	(1-00-0)			
U.S California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List	U.S California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity	U.S California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Female	U.S California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Male	No significant risk level (NSRL)
No	No	No	No	
Distillates (Petroleum)	Hydrotreated Light (64742-4	(7-8)		
U.S California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List	U.S California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity	U.S California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Female	U.S California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Male	No significant risk level (NSRL)
No	No	No	No	
1-Methylnaphthalene (9	0-12-0)			
State or local regulation	•			
	to Know Hazardous Substan	ce List		
U.S Pennsylvania - RTI				
2-Methylnaphthalene (9				
State or local regulation				
U.S New Jersey - Right	to Know Hazardous Substan	ce List		
Naphthalene (91-20-3) State or local regulation				
U.S Delaware - Pollutar U.S Idaho - Non-Carcin U.S Massachusetts - Ri	nt Discharge Requirements - l logenic Toxic Air Pollutants - / ight To Know List	Acceptable Ambient Concentra	tions	
U.S New Jersey - Right	to Know Hazardous Substan	ce List		

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Naphthalene (91-20-3)		
U.S. – New York City – Right to Kno U.S Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to		
ECTION 16: Other informat	tion	
Indication of changes	: Revision - See : *.	
Other information	: None.	
Full text of H-phrases:		
H227		Combustible liquid
H302		Harmful if swallowed
H304		May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways
H351		Suspected of causing cancer
		nder emergency conditions, can cause
NFPA fire hazard	temporary incapacit : 2 - Materials that mu relatively high ambie occur.	ration or residual injury. ust be moderately heated or exposed to ent temperatures before ignition can
NFPA fire hazard NFPA reactivity	temporary incapacit : 2 - Materials that mu relatively high ambie occur.	ration or residual injury. ust be moderately heated or exposed to ent temperatures before ignition can hemselves are normally stable, even
	temporary incapacit : 2 - Materials that murelatively high ambient occur. : 0 - Material that in the	ration or residual injury. ust be moderately heated or exposed to ent temperatures before ignition can hemselves are normally stable, even
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NFPA reactivity Hazard Rating	temporary incapacit 2 - Materials that murelatively high ambie occur. 0 - Material that in th under fire conditions	ation or residual injury. ust be moderately heated or exposed to ent temperatures before ignition can hemselves are normally stable, even s. d - Temporary or minor injury may occur
NFPA reactivity Hazard Rating Health	temporary incapacit 2 - Materials that murelatively high ambie occur. 0 - Material that in th under fire conditions 2 Moderate Hazard	ation or residual injury. ust be moderately heated or exposed to ent temperatures before ignition can hemselves are normally stable, even s. d - Temporary or minor injury may occur

The Supplier identified in Section 1 of this SDS has evaluated this product and certifies it to be labeled and packaged in compliance with the applicable provisions of the Federal Hazardous Substance Act as stated in 16 CFR 1500 and enforced by the Consumer Product Safety Commission, and where applicable the products that require Child Resistant Closures are packaged in accordance with the Poison Prevention Packaging Act as stated in 16 CFR 1700 and enforced by the Consumer Product Safety Commission. All closures have been tested in accordance with the latest protocols. No other testing is required to certify compliance with the above. The date of manufacture is stamped on the product

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